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1892

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Philosophy of Trade Unions.

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An Essay Devoted to the Interests of the Thousands who, in the Daily Struggle for Labor's Rights, do Battle for the True Freedom of the Human Race.

J. A. L. R.
D. P. L.
DETROIT

BY DYER D. LUM.

PRICE - - - - - 10 CENTS.

PUBLISHED BY THE
AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR,
14 Clinton Place, NEW YORK CITY.

JULY 1, 1892

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#2

The Safety of the Future Lies in Organized Labor

BY HENRY D. LLOYD

A PAPER READ BEFORE THE THIRTEENTH ANNUAL CONVENTION OF THE

AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR

Chicago, December, 1893

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY OF THE CONVENTION

PRESS OF THE EIGHT-HOUR HERALD,
148 Monroe Street, Chicago.

1-FEB 87
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X-HD8066

People's Party of Bradford County.

PLATFORM.

WE THE PEOPLE'S PARTY of Bradford County in Convention assembled at Towanda, Pa., June 18, 1895, adopt the following Platform:

WHEREAS, The sovereignty of the People has been ignored and trampled under foot, the national authority to create money is appropriated to enrich bondholders and national banks a vast public debt payable in legal tender currency has been funded into gold-bearing bonds adding millions to the burdens of the people, with a demand for additional bonds; Silver which has been accepted as money since the dawn of history has been demonetized to add to the purchasing power of gold, by decreasing the value of all kinds of property, as well as of human labor; the supply of currency has been purposely abridged to fatten usurers, bankrupt enterprise and enslave industry; a vast conspiracy against the sovereignty of the American people over their domestic financial policy, has already taken possession of the American Congress, and if not met and overthrown at once it forebodes terrible social convulsions the destruction of civilization, or the establishment of an absolute despotism.

We have witnessed for more than a quarter of a century the struggles of the two great parties for power and plunder, while grievous wrongs have been inflicted upon the suffering people. We charge that the controlling influence dominating both of these old parties has permitted the existing conditions to develop, without effort to prevent or restrain them; neither do they promise substantial reform. They have agreed together to ignore in the coming campaign every issue but one—they propose to drown the otteries of a plundered people, so that capitalists, corporations, national banks, rings, trusts, watered stocks, the demonetization of silver and the oppression of the usurer, may all be lost sight of.

Resolved—That we endorse the National platform adopted at Omaha, July 4, 1892, and the platform adopted at Harrisburg, May 1, 1894.

Resolved—That we demand a national currency of fifty dollars per capita, including the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, issued by the general Government only, a full legal tender for all debts, public and private, accessible to the people without the intervention of banking corporations, in payment of all obligations of the Government, and demand the issue of United States paper money in lieu of bank notes. And that while recognizing that the money question is of great prominence, we feel that the land and transportation questions are of equal importance, and should never be lost sight of.

We demand a national graduated income tax.

We favor the election of President, Vice-President and United States Senators by a direct vote of the people.

We favor the most rigid economy in the use of the public funds of the county that is possible, and not interfere with the best interests of the taxpayers.

We emphatically demand the reduction of county officials' salaries and fees in the same proportion as the reduction has been in the products in which all salaries and fees are paid.

We reiterate with emphasis the demand of the Omaha platform for the Government ownership of railroads, as the only just and correct solution of the transportation question.

We favor the adoption of the Initiative and Referendum, and the Imperative Mandate.

We demand equal suffrage, irrespective of sex.

Resolved—That the continued issuance of bonds by the present administration, and the making of a secret contract with the London Rothschild syndicate, and the giving of an option on all bonds to be issued prior to October, 1895, to said syndicate, is un-American, and an unprecedented outrage; a flagrant violation of the oaths of office by the President and Secretary of the Treasury, and we demand their immediate impeachment and removal from office.

Believing as we do in a "government of the people," we view with apprehension, and denounce the recent action of the Supreme Court of the United States, when by change of opinion and vote, of one of its Judges, the action of nearly 70,000,000 people, through their representatives in Congress, in the enactment of an "Income Tax" law, was overruled and repudiated.

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#4

The Chicago Traction Question



By

Henry Demarest Lloyd

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gt. D.L. Bowery
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175th Thousand

Mental Dynamite

"Get up off your Knees—then your masters won't seem so tall"

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DISCUSSION

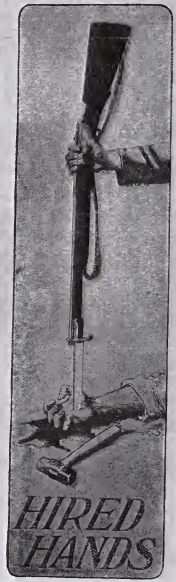
Destroys
Wrongs
and
Develops
Rights

DISCUSSION

Destroys
Despotism
and
Develops
Democracy

Therefore, all masters and all tyrants dread the three great rights used for discussion:—

Free Assemblage
Free Speech and
Free Press.



A right is simply a privilege, a privilege which society grants and **stands ready to defend.** When society *refuses* or *neglects* to defend a contested right, the right is destroyed, ceases to exist. There is no such thing as a "natural right." Rights are created by society; and they are destroyed by society through legal enactment or **illegal neglect.** A so-called "*natural* right" is thin air, an empty phrase, a worthless mental toy.

The three **great** rights are:

1. The right of free assemblage,
2. The right of free speech, and
3. The right of free press.

These are the *three* **great** *rights* because with **these** three rights we **hold** the rights we **have** and we **get** *other* rights we **need.** Any man who will not help defend these three rights is a dangerous tyrant, a foolish coward, or a cringing slave.

Any man who will vote for a master (or for a master's political party) deserves to have a master.

A bayonet is a stinger, made by the working class, sharpened by the working class, nicely polished by the working class, and then "patriotically" thrust into the working class by the working class—for the employer class—the ruling class.

The busy human bees sting themselves—at present.

(Large-lot prices, page 16)

(Copyright, 1906, by George R. Kirkpatrick)

Price, 5 Cents

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-1939.

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6

International Typographical Union

FIFTY-SEVENTH SESSION

LABOR PRESS TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL SAN FRANCISCO 70

Report of Committee on Laws

San Francisco, Cal., August 14, 1911.

To the Officers and Members of the International Typographical Union:

GENTLEMEN: Your Committee on Laws respectfully presents the following for your consideration:

Proposition No. 1—By Delegate Adams (Pittsburg, Pa.):

Amend section 2, article ii, constitution, by adding after paragraph (d) the following:

(e) Laws instituting and relating to a system of benefits and laws providing for the care of invalid and aged and infirm members in good standing.

Committee reports favorably.

Proposition No. 2—By Delegate Cusic (Jacksonville, Fla.):

Amend section 1, article iii, constitution, to read:

Section 1. The conventions of the International Typographical Union shall be held biennially, on the second Monday in August, at such place as the delegates in convention assembled may designate. All the arrangements for the same to be made by and at the expense of the International Typographical Union.

Committee reports unfavorably.

Proposition No. 3—By Delegate Cusic (Jacksonville, Fla.):

Amend article iv, constitution, to read:

Article IV.—Representation.

Section 1. Subordinate unions are entitled to representation in conventions of the International Typographical Union according to the following apportionment: Unions with one hundred members or less, one delegate; more than one hundred and less than five hundred members, two delegates; more than five hundred and less than one thousand members, three delegates; and one thousand or any greater number of members, four delegates.

Section 2. Each union shall be entitled to one vote in the conventions of the International Typographical Union for each hundred members or fraction thereof, in good standing, and where a union is represented by more than one delegate the votes shall be apportioned equally between them.

Committee reports unfavorably.

Proposition No. 4—By Delegate Nichols (Baltimore):

Amend section 3, article v, constitution, by striking out the word "two" in the second line and substituting the word "three."

Committee reports favorably.

Proposition No. 5—By Washington (D. C.) delegation:

Amend section 1, article vi, constitution, line 6, by striking out the word "Indianapolis" and insert in lieu thereof the words "Washington, District of Columbia."

Amend section 5, article vi, line 5, constitution, by striking out the word "Indianapolis" and insert in lieu thereof the words "Washington, District of Columbia."

Committee reports unfavorably.

Proposition No. 6—By Delegate Hunt (Victoria):

Amend section 6, article vi, constitution, "Executive Council," by adding in line 2, after "secretary-treasurer," the words "and two other members, making five, to be elected in the same manner and same

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Rcd Oct. 26, 1914.

Facts

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Concerning

The Struggle in Colorado

for

Industrial Freedom

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ON THE LAW OF
Injunctions in Labor Disputes

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MAURICE SUGAR, LL. B.
of the Michigan Bar

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RESOLUTION DECLARING WAR

THE BOND-ISSUE BILL

CONSCRIPTION BILL

SPEECHES

OF

HON. WILLIAM J. STONE

OF MISSOURI

IN THE

SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 4, 17, and 26, 1917

WASHINGTON
1917

95197—17316

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LABOR

ITS GRIEVANCES, PROTEST AND DEMANDS

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BY

LABOR'S CONFERENCE

WASHINGTON, D. C.

DECEMBER 13, 1919

PUBLISHED BY AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR
WASHINGTON, D. C.
1920
FRANK MORRISON, SECRETARY
SAMUEL GOMPERS, PRESIDENT

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LABOR'S PROTEST AGAINST A RAMPANT TRAGEDY

By SAMUEL GOMPERS

1920

PUBLISHED BY THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR
WASHINGTON, D. C.
FRANK MORRISON, SECRETARY — 1920 — SAMUEL GOMPERS, PRESIDENT

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Research Bulletin No. 7

X-HD8066

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#12

THE COAL STRIKE
in
WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA

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DEPARTMENT OF RESEARCH AND EDUCATION
Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America
105 East 22d Street
New York, N. Y.

25 CENTS PER COPY
May, 1928

X-HDRO 66

Old, but still good #13
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Tolstoy Park.
Montrose
Alabama
May 15 1936

2-FEB 87
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A

BARK FROM AN UNDERDOG.

A LOOK INTO THE GULF.

"THE GREAT ADVENTURE."

(See Last Page.)

THE MAN WITH THE HOE.

How will it be with kingdoms and with Kings—
With those who shaped him to the thing he is—
When this dumb terror shall reply to God
After the silence of the centuries?

—Edwin Markham.

Many sweating, ploughing, threshing, and then the chaff for payment receiving;
A few idly owning, and they the wheat continually claiming.

—Walt Whitman, "Song of Myself."

Printed by The Wessex Publishing Co., Ltd., Yeovil.

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No. 8

The FRAME-UP SYSTEM

by
Vern Smith

10c

INTERNATIONAL PAMPHLETS
799 Broadway New York

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#15

APPEAL

to the

SEVENTY-SEVENTH CONVENTION

of the

INTERNATIONAL TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION

at

LONG BEACH, CALIFORNIA
SEPTEMBER, 1932

—:::—

CASE No. 5010-E

—:::—

HENRY LIPPOLD,
Appellant

vs.

ST. LOUIS (MO.) GERMAN AMERICAN TYPOGRAPHIA No. 3,
Respondent

Printed on Union Paper

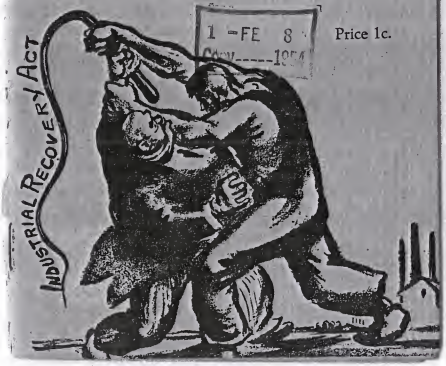
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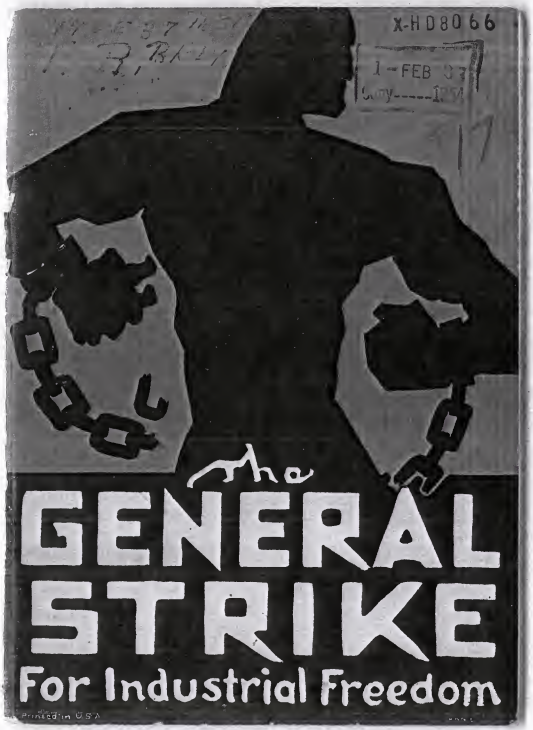
INDUSTRIAL SLAVERY—

Roosevelt's "New Deal"

By I. AMTER

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Price 1c.




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The
GENERAL
STRIKE
For Industrial Freedom

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AMERICAN LABOR FACES THE FUTURE

#18

The Problems of Trade Unionism in the Light Of the San Francisco General Strike

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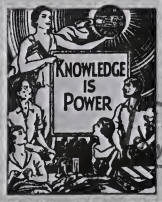
Letter of William Green to
Charles S. Zimmerman

Reply of Charles S. Zimmerman
to William Green

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232 West 40th STREET
New York City

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INTRODUCING YOUR UNION



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International LADIES' GARMENT WORKERS' UNION

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT

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PACIFIC COAST LONGSHOREMEN'S STRIKE of 1934

Arbitration Before National Longshoremen's Board

Oral Argument of Herman Phleger, Esq.
in behalf of Waterfront Employers

SEPTEMBER 25, 1934

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Wage Negotiations

Do You Have the Facts?

THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR
WASHINGTON, D. C.

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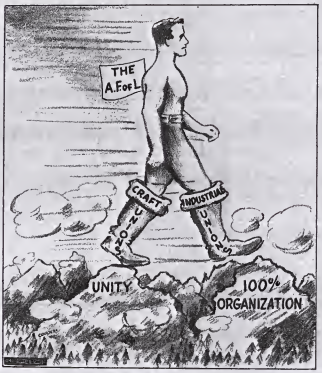
Henry Fargin

#23

Industrial Unions Mean Unity

1-FEb 8
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Our Answer to President Green



LABOR'S SEVEN LEAGUE BOOTS

Committee for Industrial Organization
Washington, D. C.

37th SEMI-ANNUAL CONVENTION of the

Empire Typographical Conference

at the POWERS HOTEL, Rochester, October 24-25, 1936

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OFFICERS:

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Fourth Vice President—George Barber, Rome.
Fifth Vice President—Leslie Chandler, Ithaca.
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BUFFALO—Harry V. Hamilton, John Forster.
BINGHAMTON—Maurice J. Quain, John J. Burke.
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FULTON COUNTY—William Reinhart.
ITHACA—Floyd D. Ferris, L. G. Chandler.
JAMESTOWN—C. Milton Jones, Francis R. Croft.
NEW YORK—6—William Ward, Ralph Wright.
NIAGARA FALLS—Wesley L. Kester, Sidney M. Thom.
ONEIDA—Lewis Farrington.
POUGHKEEPSIE—Charles E. Miller.
ROCHESTER—William Mackowski, Theodore Freese.
SCHENECTADY—Edwin C. Fuller.
SYRACUSE—Glenn M. Keep, George J. Hall.
TROY—Harold N. Comsaul.
UTICA—Bernard Iffert, Francis Hamsher.
OLEAN—William C. Shearer.

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Scales and Negotiations—Ralph Wright, New York, chairman—John J. Stack, Albany— John Forster, Buffalo—President Empire Conference (in conjunction with executive committee).
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Automatic Typesetting—Glenn M. Keep, Syracuse, chairman—Floyd Ferris, Ithaca—George Barber, Utica.
Thanks Committee—C. Milton Jones, Jamestown, chairman—Francis Hamsher, Utica—Charles Miller, Poughkeepsie.

LEGISLATIVE

At the Glens Falls Session of the Empire Typographical Conference a complete report was given on all bills, excepting the one requiring the appearance of the Union Label on State printing, which were introduced into the State Legislature at the last session.

At the time of convening the Conference in Glens Falls, Senator Bryne, of Albany, sponsor of the Bill in the Upper House, had moved for action in the matter on the floor. On May 5 the Bill was passed in the Senate by a vote of 28 ayes to 19 noes. A complete record of the Senate vote is in the hands of the Officers of the Empire Conference.

In the meantime all efforts to have this Bill reported out of the Assembly Judiciary Committee had been unsuccessful. Your Officers met with Assemblyman Armstrong, of Schenectady, sponsor of the Bill in the Lower House, and worked with him to bring the Bill on to the floor. Assemblyman Armstrong stated that the main objector to the Bill in the Assembly Committee was Mr. Stone of Onondaga. Mr. Armstrong listed him as a leader of the "Old Guard," unfavorable and immovable, and according to all reports the Bill died in his vest pocket.

Upon its passage in the Senate the Bill was referred to the all powerful Rules Committee in the Assembly. Realizing that the personnel of this Committee was not very much different from that of the Judiciary Committee, not much hope was held out for success. Nevertheless, every possible attempt was made to bring it on to the floor. An effort was made to wash away all semblance of party lines, to have the Bill presented on the floor for action, leaving each Assemblyman free to vote as he saw fit. Again no success. It has been learned that the leaders even refused to submit the Bill to the Majority Caucus; thus our Representatives were refused an opportunity to say whether or not the Bill should be considered. Thus the leaders, a mere handful, restricted the freedom of speech, restricted the freedom of action, and lifted the powers of representation from the hands of those whom the electors had sent to Albany to legislate for the common good of the citizens of this State.

This attitude of the Rules Committee did not stop alone with our Union Label Bill, but was carried out in their lack of consideration of other Labor bills passed by the Senate, such as the bills providing for fairer methods of computing weekly wages under the Workmen's Compensation Law, prohibiting fingerprinting of workers as a condition of employment, providing an eight-hour day and a maximum forty-eight hour week for women employed in hotels and restaurants, establishing a maximum forty-eight hour work week for women employed in operating elevators, providing that only New York State citizens shall be employed on State and local public work, and other Labor bills of similar importance.

The reason for the absence of such roll call votes is that THE MAJORITY MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY RULES COMMITTEE BURIED ALL THESE LABOR BILLS AS FAST AS THEY CAME FROM THE SENATE BY REFUSING TO REPORT THEM TO THE ASSEMBLY FOR A VOTE. Therefore, the full responsibility for the defeat of these Labor bills in the Assembly rests with the majority members of the Assembly Rules Committee.

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COMMUNISM'S IRON GRIP

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HANDBOOK of TRADE UNION METHODS

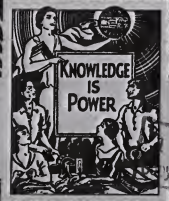
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THE MARITIME COMMISSION

VERSUS

THE SEAMEN

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A SUMMARY OF THE MORE SPECIFIC INSTANCES OF THE ANTI-LABOR POLICIES FOLLOWED BY THE UNITED STATES MARITIME COMMISSION AND THE BUREAU OF MARINE INSPECTION AND NAVIGATION

PUBLISHED BY THE
C.I.O. MARITIME COMMITTEE
WASHINGTON, D. C.

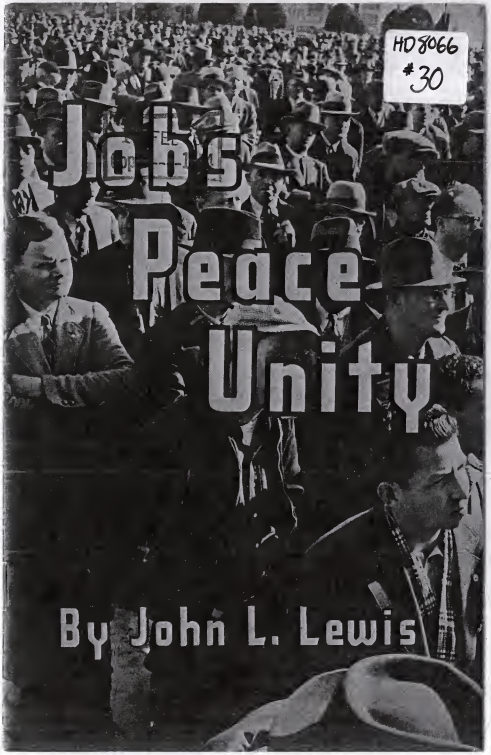
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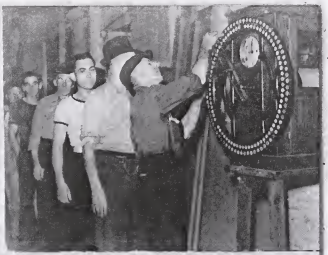
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• A BRIEF OUTLINE OF THE RESOLUTIONS AND PRONOUNCEMENTS OF THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR IN SUPPORT OF THE GENERAL PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICES OF EDUCATION FROM 1881-1938.

Published by the
AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR


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Unity
By John L. Lewis



Arranging Shifts for Maximum Production

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
DIVISION OF LABOR STANDARDS
1942

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UNITE FOR VICTORY

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By
PHILIP MURRAY
President, CIO

Against DISRUPTION

Against DISUNITY



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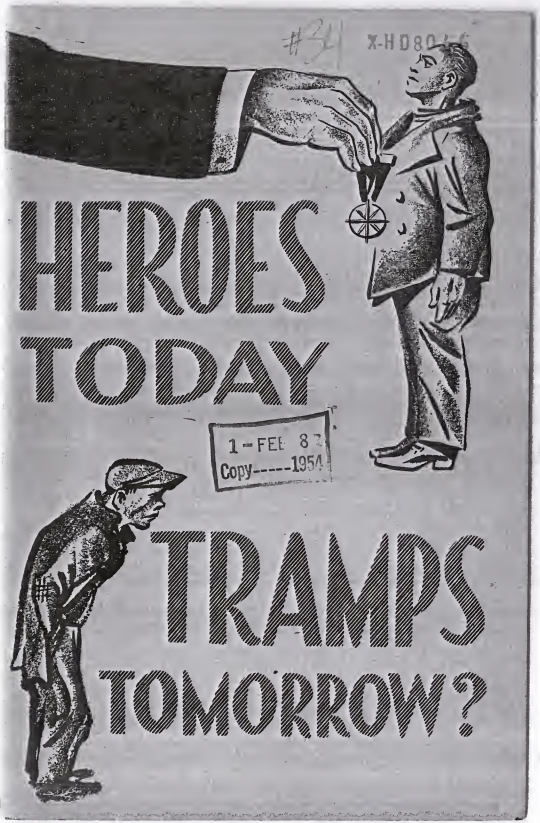
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Henry A. Wallace

VICE-PRESIDENT
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

#33

INTERNATIONAL UNION, UNITED AUTOMOBILE, AIRCRAFT
& AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT WORKERS OF AMERICA
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INTERNATIONAL LADIES' GARMENT WORKERS' UNION
1710 BROADWAY • NEW YORK CITY 19, N. Y.

426

X-HD8066

FOR THE NATION'S SECURITY

#36



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DEPARTMENT OF RESEARCH & EDUCATION

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#31

THE GOAL

of

STEADY EMPLOYMENT

* * *

An Address by

MR. HENRY FORD II

President of the Ford Motor Company

before the Economic Club of Detroit

Monday, September 16, 1946

* * *

X-HD8066 #38

Supreme Court

NEW YORK COUNTY

In the Matter

—of—

THE ARBITRATION BETWEEN

FIFTH AVENUE COACH COMPANY

—and—

TRANSPORT WORKERS UNION OF AMERICA (C. I. O.)

ARBITRATION AWARD

Dated: September 23, 1946.

ISIDOR WASSERVOGEL,
Arbitrator.

#39

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1-FEB 8?
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EUGENE DENNIS

INDICTS

the ★ Wall Street Conspirators

two cents


the case of
#40
Mary X

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What Is This Shop Stewards' Movement?

1-f. 8
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#41

By TOM WALSH
Secretary of Building Industry
of
National Federation of Shop Stewards



PRINTED BY THE
MODERN PRESS
P. O. BOX 205, MADISON SQUARE STATION
NEW YORK CITY

1 - FEB 8
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#42

COMMON SENSE

ON THE

LABOR QUESTION,

BY

HERBERT N. CASSON,

AUTHOR OF

Organized Self-Help, The Crime of Credulity, etc.

This Booklet is Free. It is not to be sold, but to be read and passed on. No one but the author is responsible for its ideas.

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ROHN

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#43

AN EXPERIMENT IN INDUSTRIAL DEMOCRACY

THE RESULTS OF THIRTEEN YEARS OF SELF-GOVERNMENT

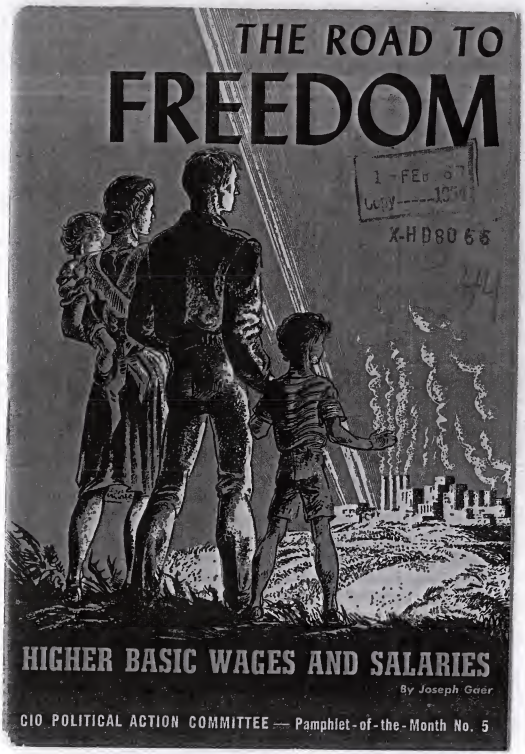


1-FEB 87
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BY

WILLIAM P. HAPGOOD

President, *The Columbia Conserve Company*



1-FEB 07
X-HD8065

SHALL UNIONISM DIE ?

REPORT ON

"RED" UNION INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS

HELD IN

Moscow, Russia

MADE BY

GORDON CASCADEN

Delegate from CANADA

PRICE 20 CENTS

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HD8076
#46

Labor Herald Library
No. 6

Resolutions and Decisions

Second World Congress

of the

Red International of Labor Unions

Held in Moscow, November, 1922

Price 15c

Published by
The Trade Union Educational League
106 No. LaSalle St., Chicago, Ill.

61-7559-2-1123

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Shop Paper Manual

#47

A Handbook for Comrades
Active in Shop Paper Work

10c

Issued by
Central Committee Communist Party, U.S.A.
P. O. Box Station D, N. Y.
26

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A. ABOLIN

#48

The October Revolution and the Trade Unions

PUBLICATION FILE

Co-operative Publishing Society of Foreign Workers in the U.S.S.R.

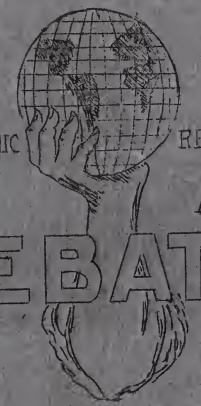
1933

61-7559-2-1094

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HD8076
#049

"Proletarian Dictatorship OR Industrial Unionism"



STENOGRAPHIC REPORT OF THE

SILVER AMTER

DEBATE

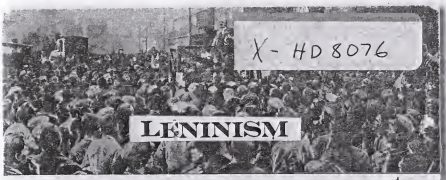
YOUNGSTOWN OHIO, APRIL 24TH 1927

PUBLISHED BY THE

INDUSTRIAL UNION PARTY

1032 PROSPECT, AVE. NEW YORK, N.Y.

X-HD8076



LENIN ORGANIZED THE WORKERS OF RUSSIA IN 1905 - - - - - -

#50.
61-7559-2-515 Copy A

Leninism Brought Famines and Deaths to Twelve Million Men, Women and Children and Organized Slavery to All Labor

* * *

Leninist Theories and Tactics Are Behind the Lewis C.I.O. Communist Leaders Swell Its Ranks

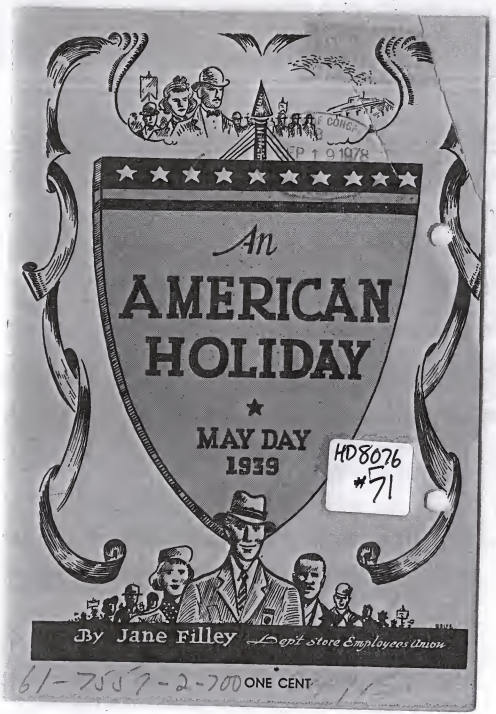
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Does America Crave the Results?

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LEWIS ORGANIZED THE WORKERS OF AMERICA IN 1937 - - - - -





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61-7999-2-1811
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*ORIGIN AND FUNCTION OF *TRADE UNIONS

#52

*ENGELS ON TRADE UNIONS

* WORKERS SCHOOL
35 E. 12 ST. N.Y.C.

Jan 1940

X-HD 8076

(Note: This speech by Comrade Cannon was delivered seventeen years ago when the trade union work of the Communist Party was first being developed on a practical basis and its guiding principles laid down. Most of what is said there is pertinent to the present stage of the development of our party trade union work.

The Political Committee has decided to publish a book containing selections from the speeches and writings of Comrade Cannon over the entire period since the foundation of American communism, and has appointed a commission to select and edit the material. This speech is one of the documents to be included in the selection. The editorial work of the commission is already well under way.

— J. G. Wright, Chairman of the Editorial Commission).

* * * * * * *

DAILY WORKER
August 2, 1924
Magazine Supplement - pp. 4

OUR AIMS AND TACTICS IN THE TRADE UNIONS

By James P. Cannon

(A speech delivered at the Party Conference of Coal Miners at St. Louis, Mo., July 27, 1924).

Comrades:

These conferences of Party members in the important trade unions in which representatives of the Central Executive Committee take part are becoming frequent occurrences. We must regard this as a healthy sign. It indicates that we are maturing as a Party of theoretical and practical revolutionists, and getting a firm grip on our basic tasks. The close collaboration between the active comrades in the field and the leading organ of the Party has a beneficial result all the way around.

The close and intimate contact with the practical problems of the daily struggle and with the comrades who directly face them, serves as an unerring corrective to any tendency there might be in the Party to deal with these problems in an abstract or purely doctrinaire fashion. On the other hand, the participation of the Party representatives insures that the fundamental political aspect of the trade union struggle will be brought to the front in these trade union conferences. The importance of this cannot be over-estimated. Otherwise there is constant danger of the work of our trade union comrades being influenced too much by expediency and so-called practicality. One-sided conceptions, purely trade union points of view, take the upper hand and the general class issues of the struggle are pushed into the background. Such a state of affairs must be guarded against. We know too well that it leads to reformism and futility.

We are meeting here today to consider the problems of the particular trade union you belong to, from the standpoint of the Party, which is the standpoint of all Communists. And I think I will be proceeding in the proper order if I put forward as a premise the revolutionary aims of our Party and propose that we weigh and judge every trade union question that comes before us, no matter how small or practical it may appear to be, in the light of our final aims.

PUBLICATION FILE

61-7039-2-1931

X-HQ SEP 26

BAYONETS vs. *AXLIVING WAGE!

Roosevelt has cemented his Alliance with Big Business in the blood of the bayoneted North American Aircraft Workers.

The President's use of conscripted workers and farmers in uniform to break the Aircraft Strike shows where he is trying to lead us

FDR is out to break the democratic and fighting traditions of the American workers so that he can drag the United States into the full shooting stage of that mad scramble for colonies-that reckless butchery of peoples engineered by Churchill,Hitler and Roosevelt.

According to the warmakers, it has become "unpatriotic" to demand higher wages to meet the rising prices caused by big-corporation profits. Just look at North American Aircraft Co. It averages 19% profit on government orders but pays only 50¢ an hour! This is supposed to be "patriotism." But asked to die for a new Wall Street World Empire, Mr. Roosevelt thinks it "unpatriotic" of workers to try to feed their families, keep them in health, and to demand for them the simple, traditional rights belonging to the American people!

The Great Corporations, Roosevelt,his Labor Misleaders and other stooges will not succeed in destroying the American people. The workers are in no mood for Fascism, neither the German or Rooseveltian variety. They are fighting back.

This is shown by the splendid stand of the Aircraft workers in the face of overwhelming odds, by the struggles of the Aluminum workers in Cleveland and Detroit, by wage demands of the Railroad workers, Woodworkers,Shipbuilders, and many others.They will not be fooled by Atty. Gen'l.Jackson's talk about "insurrection," nor by his charges that the strikes in aviation and other industries are caused by a Communist "plot." This red-baiting is pure Hitlerism.The plain people of America remember how eight yearsago Hitler yelled "Communist" to cover up suppression of trade-unions, his wholesale wage-cuts and his murderous destruction of popular liberties. Americans don't want the history of German fascism repeated in this country.

They know that the real cause of these strikes lies not in a Communist "plot", but in skimpy pay envelopes. They know the truth because they suffer from it. They know that 50¢ an hour wont pay war-time monopoly prices for food, clothes and rent.

That's why workers all over America are protesting Roosevelt's armed strike breaking in California. That's why you should join the in the defense of American liberty against the war mad profiteers. Protest individually. Protest thru your union. Defeat the red-baiting enemies of labor unity. Support the movement for increased wages. Fight against the high cost of living and war-time profiteering. Fight against Roosevelt's "cannon instead of butter" program for the American people. Get America out of the war and keep her out. Demand the release of Earl Browder, General Secretary of the Communist Party who was jailed because he fought to keep America out.

Hamilton Co. Communist Party & Young Communist League, P.O. 881

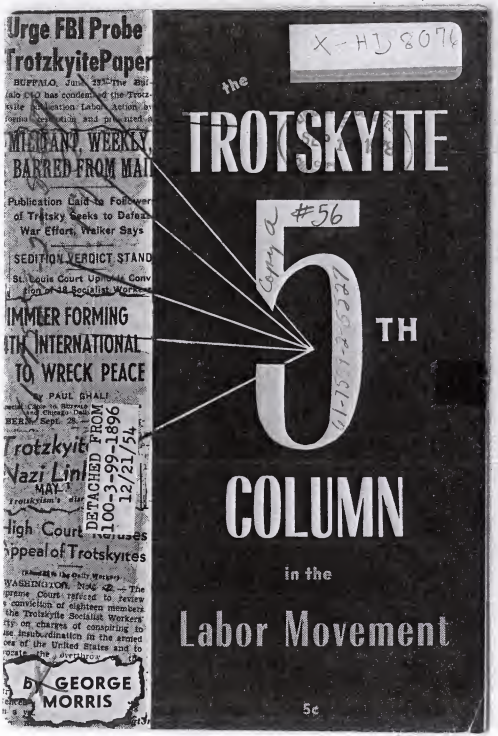
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COMMUNISTS AND THE TRADE UNIONS

#55

By ROY HUDSON

3 cents


Urge FBI Probe
TrotzkyitePaper
BUFFALO, June
MILITANT, WEEKLY,
BARRED FROM MAI
Publication Said to Follower
of Trotsky Seeks to Defea
War Effort, Walker Says
SEDITION VERDICT STAND
St. Louis Court Upholds Conv
IMMLER FORMING
4TH INTERNATIONAL
TO WRECK PEACE
PAUL SMALL
Sept. 28.
Trotzkyit
Nazi Lin
MAY
High Court Refuses
Appeal of Trotskyites
WASHINGTON, Nov.
by GEORGE
MORRIS
DETACHED FROM
100-3-99-1896
12/21/54
the
TROTSKYITE
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COLUMN
in the
Labor Movement
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HD 8076

Defeat The Union-Busting Bills

61-7559-2-4766

Petition

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#57

To Senator Robert F. Wagner
Senator Irving M. Ives
Washington, D. C.

We, the undersigned citizens of the State of New York, express our unalterable opposition to the anti-union bills now before Congress which would deprive the unions of their hard won rights of collective bargaining and restore the open shop. These anti-labor bills would be a blow to our living standards and undermine democracy.

We call upon you to oppose all legislation which in any way will infringe on any of the rights of the trade union movement.

NAME	ADDRESS

ISSUED BY: COMMUNIST PARTY, NEW YORK STATE. 35 EAST 12th ST., NEW YORK CITY

61-7562-2-29
X-HD8076
X-HD8076
#58

Branch Discussion Outline

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS
ON THE
FIGHT FOR
TAFT-HARTLEY REPEAL

This outline on the fight for the repeal of the Taft-Hartley Law is meant to be used for discussions in every club of the Party. We urge full discussions to be developed around this important fight, to be followed by the working out of a plan to press the fight for Taft-Hartley repeal in your shop, your industry, your community. The concrete effects of the Taft-Hartley Law on your community and industry should be brought out in the discussion. The State Ed. Department urges all branches to send in to us, at 35 E. 12th St., such concrete instances of the effects of Taft-Hartley on your shop, your industry and your community.

This discussion can also serve to further the preparations for May Day, when labor will demonstrate its demand for repeal of Taft-Hartley.

Not Evaluated
BC-76
5/1/49

Issued by: New York State Education Department, Communist Party
35 East 12th Street
New York 3, N. Y.

March 1949

X-HD00 10 61- 7559-2-60

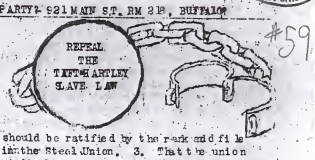
BETHLEHEM NEWS

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NO. 1 STEEL SECTION OF COMMUNIST PARTY- 921 MAIN ST. RM 218, BUFFALO

#59

BETHLEHEM PROFITS
YEARS- 1943 to 1945- $34,000,000
" 1948- $90,000,000
1st Quarter - 1949- $30,000,000



WAGE FIGHT CONTINUES

The announcement of the National Wage Policy Committee of United Steel Workers placing the demand for higher and guaranteed annual wages, social insurance and pensions, as the aim of the steel workers in 1949, is a departure from the past statements of international officers and executive board members that wages would not be an issue in the coming negotiations with the steel trusts. The many actions by the rank and file steel workers, such as the petitioning by hundreds of steel workers for a definite wage increase of from 25 cents to 30 cents per hour and the actions of many local unions; such as the actions taken by the District Council meeting of District #2B in Chicago going on record for a 30cent per hour increase were the pressures that force the about face. This indicates what can be done when the issue of wages are brought to the rank and file steel workers and action is taken.

This statement of the Wage Policy Committee demanding a substantial wage increase, social insurance and pensions can be turned into a victory provided the membership of the steel union are involved in the planning and the struggles in the coming negotiations. But the statement of Phillip Murray, that "we are optomistic about our bargaining position. We are certain that the employers will approach this in the same constructive spirit that we will", has seeds of a sellout of the steel workers demands and is not based on the needs of the membership. The statement of Eugene Grace, United Steel Corporation and other speakers of the steel trusts that they will not grant a fourth round of wage increases, the laying off of hundreds of workers at the Wickwire plant, Bethlehem, the American Radiator Co. and Symington-Gould in the face of the highest profits in the records of the steel industry, the cutting of crews in the Bethlehem plants of Lackawanna, together with the actions that the workers were forced tot take in Bethlehem Strip Mill, #15 Mill and #10 Mill against speedup are an indication disproving Murrays' statement that the steel employers will approach the coming negotiations in a constructive spirit.

In order to guarantee the winning of of their demands the steel workers in Buffalo and Lackawanna must continue the demand: 1. A definite wage increase of from 25 cents to 30 cents per hour. 2. That any agreement reached with the Steel Corporation in the coming negotiations should be ratified by the rank and file in the Steel Union. 3. That the union leadership wage a struggle against speedup, cutting of crews, and the elimination of men from their jobs. How to do the date of June 15th has been set for the beginning of negotiations it is time for the voices of the rank and file steel workers are heard. Local union executive boards must lead the workers in their demands and let the international officers know that they will not settle for less than 30 cents per hour.

By the silence on the part of the Steel Union officials in regard to the policy of the Bethlehem Steel Co. of not hiring any Negroes in the (Tin-white strip mill) in Lackawanna. The bias upon the membership of the Steel Union must be wiped out.

REPEAL OF TAFT-HARTLEY

The repeal of the Taft-Hartley Law was made the number 1 demand of Labor in the recent elections. President Truman pledged himself to lead the fight and most of the top leaders of the C.I.O. and A.F. of L. convinced the workers that the election of Truman would be the best guarantee that the Taft-Hartley and all anti-Labor laws would be wiped out. In fact, after Truman's election, we were told that Taft-Hartley was as good as in the dump pile. But the facts prove otherwise.

Last week, in Congress, the Wood Bill, which Phil Murray claims is even worse than Taft-Hartley, was introduced. Vito Marcantonio, the only representative of the A.L.P. in Congress saved the day. By his clever manuver he was able to delay the final vote on the bill and give labor time to exert some additional pressure to change some of the votes. This victory is not to the credit of the Truman Administration nor to the top C.I.O. leadership. The Murrays and Reuthers, with their usual poor record to deal with the Democratic Party opened the path for a sellout on the fight for repeal. Instead of fighting for the outright repeal of Taft-Hartley and for the re-enactment of the Wagner Bill, they agreed to a compromise bill called the Thomas-Lesinski Bill, whichkept some of the worst features of Taft-Hartley. And when the going got tough, instead of rallying a ll labor they went even further and agreed to more compromises which made the new bill a nother Taft-Hartley. The worst results came in Congress got courage by the miserable showing of labor and fought for the bill

X-HD 8076

COMMUNIST TACTICS IN AMERICAN UNIONS

60

Albert Epstein, Research Staff, International Ass'n of Machinists
Nathaniel Goldfinger, Executive Secretary, Committee on Economics, CIO

There is an irrepressible conflict between the trade unions and the Communists in their midst. At times it settles down to an armed truce; at others, it bursts forth into open warfare, as it did most recently at the 1949 Convention of the CIO, which took action against 12 Communist dominated unions.

Isolated now, as a result of their own actions, the Communists are laying the groundwork for what may well become a national labor federation under their control. This would not be a novel step for the Communist Party, since the Trade Union Unity League of 1929-1934 was such an organization. Neither is it the first time that the bona fide trade unions have found it necessary to rid themselves of Communist Party-led bodies.

Though never a controlling factor in American trade union life, the Communists and their followers at peak strength in 1944 dominated 20 international unions and numerous locals. As free associations in a democracy, trade unions have been influenced for good or ill by many different types of personalities and groups. The Communists, however, are unique despite some superficial resemblances to others. For the Communists have been the only ones in the American trade unions to operate as a disciplined group, under a centralized authority responsible to a foreign power.

Communism is nothing less than a conspiracy to conquer and rule the world by any means. The center of this conspiracy is the Soviet Union. To seize total power in their own country and to "Defend the Soviet Union," the Communists rely upon incessant propaganda and the never-ending search for organizations to be used as "transmission belts." The Communist party is a highly disciplined and fanatical body, with a hard core of "professional revolutionaries." The "professional revolutionaries" are a dedicated group, cut off from ties with the outside world and owe absolute obedience to their superiors. Lenin conceived of his party as a "military organization," requiring a "minutely careful selection of members," and functioning with "rigorous secrecy."

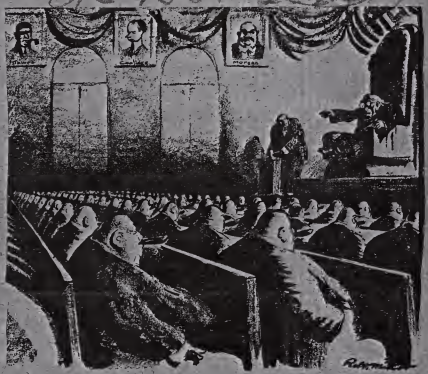
Communists operate in organizations of every type and description, including the armed forces. It is a basic tenet in Communist teaching that industrial workers are the most important segment of society. The Communists believe that their party is the vanguard of the working class, destined by history to lead the workers and all the people to Soviet rule. Therefore, they view the trade unions as the largest and most vital field for activity.

The Communist Party acts as an agency of the ruling group of the Soviet Union. From John Pepper (Pogany) in its early days, to Hans Berger (Gerhardy Eisler) and his successor in the recent period, the Communist Party has been controlled by Soviet representatives. Its activities have moved back and forth across the political spectrum in response to changes in the domestic and foreign policies of the Soviet Union. The shifts in policy are executed, through a disciplined hierarchical system, in all organizations in which the Communists operate. To put their policies into effect, the Communists employ an appropriate conspiratorial tool known as the fraction. It is described in The Party Manual on Organization, published in 1935:

#61
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THE LABOR LIEUTENANTS OF AMERICAN IMPERIALISM

61-1559-2



By

LOVESTONE

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THE

COMMUNIST PARTY

and

INDUSTRIAL UNIONISM

SEP 19 1978

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by

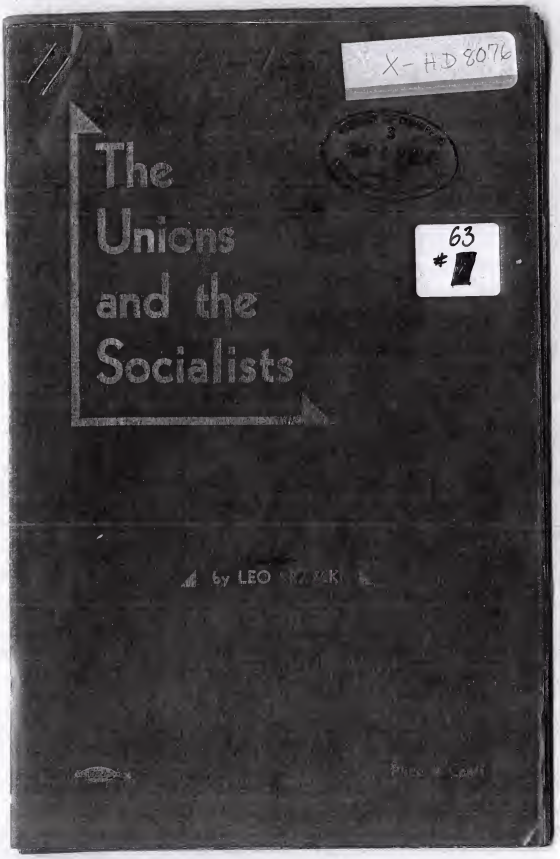
G. ZINOVIEV

President of the Third International.



PRICE TWOPENCE.

LONDON
THE WORKERS' SOCIALIST FEDERATION
400, Old Ford Road, E.3.


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63
#1
The Unions and the Socialists
by LEO

X- HD8083
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MICHIGAN FEDERATION OF LABOR

YEAR BOOK

1896

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J. A. LABADIE,
74 Buchanan Street,
DETROIT, - MICH.

REPORT OF PROCEEDINGS

Ninth Annual Convention

OF THE

MICHIGAN FEDERATION OF LABOR



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REPORT OF PROCEEDINGS

Eleventh Convention

OF THE

MICHIGAN FEDERATION OF LABOR

MICHIGAN FEDERATION OF LABOR
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REPORT OF PROCEEDINGS

12th Convention

OF THE

MICHIGAN FEDERATION OF LABOR

MICHIGAN FEDERATION OF LABOR
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12th Convention

OF THE

MICHIGAN FEDERATION OF LABOR

MICHIGAN FEDERATION OF LABOR
INSTITUTED FEB'Y 1889

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Proceedings

of the

Thirty-Eighth
Annual Convention

of the

Michigan
Federation of Labor



February 1, 2, 3, 4, 1927
Lansing, Michigan

X-HD8083
.S6
#70

ANALYSIS OF 31
SOUTHERN TEXTILE LABOR CONTRACTS

BY

HENRY N. MIMS and GUY B. ARTHUR, JR.

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By

Management Evaluation Services, Inc.
Toccoa, Georgia